

**JEFF CORONADO, S.E.**

*Structural Engineering Consultants*

553 St Malo Street, West Covina, California 91790

(626)472-0070 ■ Fax (626)472-0071 ■ E-Mail [jcsc@flash.net](mailto:jcsc@flash.net) ■ Web [www.jcseconsultants.com](http://www.jcseconsultants.com)

PROJECT: Library Strengthening

CLIENT: City of Glendora

PROJECT NO.: 03025

DATE: June, 2003

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**PROJECT: LIBRARY STRENGTHENING**

**CLIENT: CITY OF GLENDORA**

**SCOPE OF WORK:**

**RETROFIT OF EXISTING CONCRETE COLUMNS AND NORTH RETAINING WALLS**

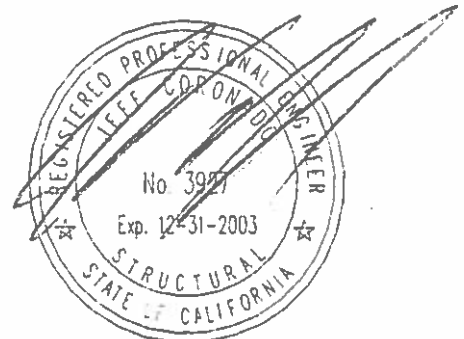
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**CALCULATIONS**

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DESIGN OF WALL FRP

## 1) EXISTING WALL PROPERTIES

$$H = 12' = 144''$$

$$d = 9.8 \text{ m}$$

$$t_w = 12''$$

$$n = 25.78$$

$$f'_m = 1500 \text{ psi}$$

$$E_m = 750 f'_m = 1125 \text{ ksi}$$

$$A_s = \#6 @ 32'' = 0.17 \text{ in}^2/\text{ft}$$

$$f_y = 40 \text{ ksi}$$

## 2) FRP PROPERTIES (SCH 41)

$$E = 10900 \text{ ksi} \quad CE = 0.85$$

$$E_G = 0.85 \times 10900 \quad E_G = 9265 \text{ ksi}$$

$$t = 0.04''$$

$$A_s = 0.5 \times 0.04 \times 12 = 0.24 \text{ in}^2/\text{layer}$$

## I. MOMENT CAPACITY WITHOUT COMPOSITES

$$M_u = 1.7 \times 3.66 = 6.22 \text{ ft-k}$$

$$M_n = 5.42 \text{ ft-k} < 6.22 \text{ NG}$$

## II. CALCULATING STRAINS UNDER EXISTING LOADS

$$p = \frac{A_s}{bd} = \frac{0.17}{12 \times 9.8} \Rightarrow p = 0.00145 \quad n = 25.8$$

$$k = \sqrt{2pn + (pn)^2} - pn = \sqrt{2 \times 0.00145 \times 25.8 + (0.00145 \times 25.8)^2} = 0.00145 \times 25.8$$

$$k = 0.239$$

$$j = 1 - \frac{1}{3}k = 1 - \frac{1}{3} \times 0.239 \Rightarrow j = 0.92$$

$$f_s = \frac{M}{A_s d \left(1 - \frac{k}{3}\right)} = \frac{3.66 \times 12}{0.17 \times 9.8 \times \left(1 - \frac{0.239}{3}\right)} \Rightarrow f_s = 28.64 \text{ ksi}$$

$$\epsilon_s = \frac{f_s}{E_s} = \frac{28.64}{29000} \Rightarrow \epsilon_s = 0.00099$$

$$\epsilon_i = \frac{h - kd}{d - kd} \epsilon_s = \frac{12 - 0.239 \times 9.8}{9.8 - 0.239 \times 9.8} \times 0.00099 \Rightarrow \epsilon_i = 0.00128$$

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III- ESTIMATE # OF FRP LAYERS

$$M_u = M_n + 0.9d \times T_s$$

$$T_s = \frac{M_u - M_n}{0.9d}$$

$$A_s F_s = \frac{M_u - M_n}{0.9d} \Rightarrow$$

$$0.24 \times (0.002 - 0.00128) \times 4265 \times 2 = \frac{(6.22 - 5.42) \times 12}{0.9 \times 9.8}$$

$$t_s = 0.68 \text{ in}$$

USE 2 LAYERS OF SCH41

IV. CHECK MOMENT CAPACITY AT:

a) LIMIT STATE FOR ULTIMATE COMPRESSIVE STRAIN OF MASONRY

$$E_m = 0.003$$

assume  $c = 1.5''$

$$a = 0.85c = 1.275''$$

$$E_t = \frac{h-c}{c} E_m = \frac{12-1.5}{1.5} \times 0.003 = 0.021$$

$$E_s = \frac{d-c}{h-c} E_t = \frac{4.8-1.5}{12-1.5} \times 0.021 = 0.0166$$

$$C_m = 0.85 \times 1125 \times 1.275 \times 12 = 14.63 \text{ K}$$

$$T_s = 0.17 \times 29000 \times 0.0166 = 81.64 \text{ K} > A_s F_y = 0.17 \times 40 = 6.8 \text{ K}$$

$$T_s = (0.021 - 0.00128) \times (2 \times 0.24) \times 4265 = 87.7 \text{ K}$$

$$\Sigma F = 0 \quad 87.7 + 6.8 - 14.63 \neq 0 \quad \text{NG}$$

Try  $c = 3.5 \quad a = 2.975$

$$C_m = 34.14 \text{ K}$$

$$E_s = \frac{12-3.5}{3.5} \times 0.003 = 0.0073$$

$$T_s = (2 \times 0.24) \times (0.0073 - 0.00128) \times 4265 = 26.7 \text{ K}$$

$$E_t = \frac{d-c}{h-c} E_s = \frac{9.8-3.5}{12-3.5} \times 0.0073 = 0.0054$$

$$T_s = 0.17 \times 29000 \times 0.0054 = 26.62 \text{ K} > A_s F_y = 0.17 \times 40 = 6.8 \text{ K}$$

$$\Sigma F = 0 \quad 26.7 + 6.8 - 34.14 = 0.64 \text{ K} \approx 0 \quad \text{OK}$$

$$M = 34.14 \left( 12 - \frac{0.65 \times 3.5}{2} \right) - 6.8 \times (12 - 4.8) \Rightarrow M = 28.68 \text{ ft-K} >> 6.2 \text{ ft-K}$$

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## b) LIMIT STATE FOR MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE STRAIN (0.002)

$$\epsilon_s = \epsilon_c - \epsilon_t = 0.002 - 0.00128 = 0.00072$$

$$T_s = A_s (\epsilon_t - \epsilon_s) E_s = (3 \times 0.24) \times 0.00072 \times 9265 = 3.2 \text{ K}$$

$$\epsilon_s = \frac{d-c}{h-c} \times \epsilon_t = \frac{9.8-2}{12-2} \times 0.002 = 0.00156$$

$$T_s = A_s E_s \epsilon_s = 0.17 \times 29000 \times 0.00156 = 7.69 \text{ K} > A_s f_s = 0.17 \times 40 = 6.8 \text{ K}$$

$$\epsilon_m = \frac{c}{h-c} \times \epsilon_t = \frac{2}{12-2} \times 0.002 = 0.0004$$

$$C_m = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_m E_m C_b = \frac{1}{2} \times 0.0004 \times 1125 \times 2 \times 12 = 5.4 \text{ K}$$

$$\sum F = 0 \quad 3.2 + 6.8 - 5.4 \neq 0$$

Try  $c = 2.64$ 

$$T_s = 3.2 \text{ K}$$

$$\epsilon_s = 0.00153$$

$$T_s = 7.55 > 6.8$$

$$\epsilon_m = 0.00056$$

$$C_m = 10.05 \text{ K}$$

$$\sum F = 0 \quad 3.2 + 6.8 - 10.05 = 0.05 \approx 0 \quad \underline{\text{OK}}$$

$$M = 10.05 \left( 12 - \frac{2.64}{3} \right) - 6.8 (12 - 9.8)$$

$$M = 8.07 \text{ ft-K}$$

$$\phi M_n = 0.8 \times 8.07 = 6.45 \text{ ft-K}$$

$$\phi M_n = 6.45 > 6.22 \text{ ft-Kips} \quad \underline{\underline{\text{OK}}}$$

USE 2 LAYERS OF  
TYFO SCH 41 WITH 50%  
OF THE WALL COVERED

JEFF CORONADO, S.E.

Structural Engineering Consultants

553 St Malo Street, West Covina, California 91790

(626) 472-0070 • Fax (626) 472-0071

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Checking foundation of walls (North)

Footings 1'-10" x 16" Thickness

$$f'_c = 2000 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_y = 40 \text{ ksi}$$

$$Q = 800 D + 320 B$$

$$Q = 800 \times 2 + 320 \times 1.83 \Rightarrow Q = 2332 \text{ psf}$$

$$P = 4 \text{ Kips (Max) from } P = 2.53 \text{ (Floor) Kips} + 1.5 \text{ (Wall) Kips} = 4 \text{ Kips}$$

$$q = \frac{4}{1.83 \times 1} \Rightarrow q = 2.18 \text{ K/ft}^2 < 2.33 \text{ K/ft}^2 \quad \text{OK}$$

Footings Adequate

**JEFF CORONADO, S.E.**

Structural Engineering Consultants

533 St Malo Street, West Covina, California 91790

(626) 472-0070 • Fax (626) 472-0071

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Columns

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LOADS

D.L.

2 1/2" Lt wt Concrete topping = 25 psf

1" Rigid Insulation = 1.5 psf

4 1/2" Structural concrete slab = 54.5 psf

\* For 6" waffle slab = 72.5 psf

D.L. = 26.5 + 72.5 = 99 psf (where is the waffle slab)

D.L. = 26.5 + 54.5 = 81 psf (structural concrete slab)

L.L. = 100 psf (Non reducible)

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INTERIOR COLUMNS (24" x 46")

DL = 335.4 kips

LL = 101.3 kips

$f_y = 40 \text{ ksi}$

$f'_c = 3000 \text{ psi}$

- Providing ductility to the column

According to UBC 1921.4.4.1

Adding 4 1/2" to the column

New Interior Column (33" x 105")

Clear Cover = 2"

Using:

$$A_{sh} = 0.3 \left( s \times h_c \times \frac{f'_c}{f_{yh}} \right) \left[ \frac{A_g}{A_{ch}} - 1 \right]$$

or  $A_{sh} = 0.09 \left( s \times h_c \times \frac{f'_c}{f_{yh}} \right)$

Solving: Long direction

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.3 \times \left( 100.38 \times \frac{3000}{60000} \right) \left[ \frac{33 \times 105}{29 \times 101} - 1 \right]$$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.28 \frac{\text{in}^2}{\text{in}} \quad s_{\text{max}} = 4" \Rightarrow A_{sh} = 1.10 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.09 \left( 100.38 \times \frac{3}{60} \right)$$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.45 \quad s_{\text{max}} = 4" \Rightarrow A_{sh} = 1.79 \text{ in}^2 \rightarrow$$

Use 2#5 and 6#4 cross ties

s = 4 in.

Solving: Short direction

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$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.3 \left( \frac{28.38 \times 3}{60} \right) \left[ \frac{33 \times 105}{29 \times 101} - 1 \right]$$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.078 \quad \text{if } s_{max} = 4" \quad \Rightarrow \quad A_{sh} = 0.31 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.09 \left( \frac{28.38 \times 3}{60} \right)$$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.13 \quad \text{if } s_{max} = 4" \quad \Rightarrow \quad A_{sh} = 0.51 \text{ in}^2 \rightarrow$$

Use 2#5 and 1#4 tie

s = 4 in

Length

$$L_0 = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6} \text{ clear span} = \frac{1}{6} \times 10 \times 12 = 20 \text{ in} \\ 18 \text{ in} \\ \text{depth of the member} = 33" \end{cases} \Rightarrow \text{Controls}$$

Provide transverse reinforcement with s = 4" at the bottom and top of the column within a length of 33"

Couplers

If needed

Use Barbed-Couplers 5#

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Checking Foundation of Interior Columns

Footing 13' x 16.25' x 36" Thickness

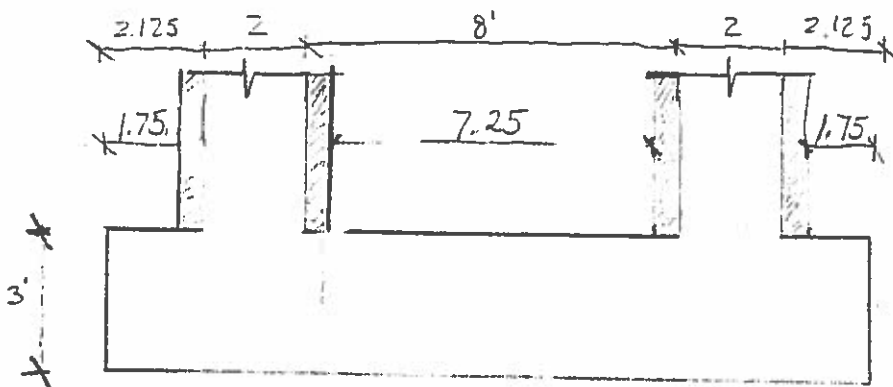
#10 @ 12"  $Q^* = 5000 \text{ psf}$

DL = 335.4 K

LL = 101.3 K

$f'_c = 2000 \text{ psi}$

$f_y = 40 \text{ ksi}$



$$Q = 800 \times D + 320 \times D = 800 \times 3 + 320 \times 13 = 6560 \text{ psf} > 5000 \text{ psf}$$

Use  $Q = 5000 \text{ psf}$

$$DL + LL = 436.7 \text{ K}$$

$$\text{New DL} = (2 \times 4.5 \times 105 + 2 \times 4.5 \times 24)$$

$$\text{New DL} = (945 + 216) = 1161 \text{ in}^2 = 8.06 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\text{New DL} = 8.06 \times 10 \times 145 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3} = 11.69 \text{ K}$$

$$\text{New total Load} = 436.7 + 11.69 = 448.4 \text{ kips}$$

$$f_s = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{448.4}{13' \times 16.25'} = \frac{448.4}{211.25} \Rightarrow f_s = 2.12 \text{ Ksf} < 5 \text{ Ksf}$$

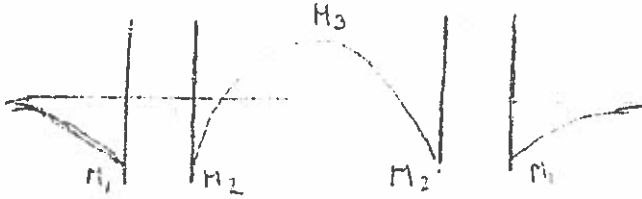
OK

$$q_u = \frac{1.4(335.4 + 11.69) + 1.7(101.3)}{13' \times 16.25'} \Rightarrow q_u = \frac{485.93 + 172.21}{211.25}$$

$$q_u = 3.11 \text{ Ksf}$$

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$$M_1 = \frac{1}{2} q_u \times L^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 3.11 \times 1.75^2 = 4.76$$

$$M_2 = \frac{1}{12} q_u \times L^2 = \frac{1}{12} \times 7.25^2 \times 3.11 = 13.62 \rightarrow \text{Controls}$$

$$M_3 = \frac{1}{24} q_u \times L^2 = \frac{1}{24} \times 3.11 \times 7.25^2 = 6.81$$

$$T_{cy} \quad a = 2.5$$

$$A_{s \text{ req}} = \frac{M_u}{\phi f_y (d - \frac{a}{2})} = \frac{13.62 \times 12}{0.9 \times 40 \times (32 - \frac{2.5}{2})} = \frac{163.44}{1107}$$

$$A_{s \text{ req}} = 0.15 \text{ in}^2 < 1.27 \text{ (1\#10)}$$

OK

$$a = \frac{A_s f_y}{0.85 \times f'_c \times b} = \frac{1.27 \times 40}{0.85 \times 2 \times 12} = 2.44 \approx 2.5$$

Column Footing Adequate

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North Columns

Columns 16" x 144"

DL = 137.2 Kips

LL = 55.9 Kips

Providing ductility to the columns

Adding 4½" to the Column

New North and South Columns (25" x 153) Clear Cover = 2"

Solving: Long direction

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.3 \left( 148.4 \times \frac{3}{60} \right) > \left[ \frac{25 \times 153}{21 \times 149} - 1 \right]$$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.49 \frac{\text{in}^2}{\text{in}} \quad \text{if } s_{max} = 4 \text{ in} \Rightarrow A_{sh} = 1.98 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.09 \times \left( 148.4 \times \frac{3}{60} \right)$$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.67 \frac{\text{in}^2}{\text{in}} \quad \text{if } s_{max} = 4 \text{ in} \Rightarrow A_{sh} = 2.67 \text{ in}^2 \rightarrow$$

Use 2 #5 and #5 @ 14" cross tiess = 4 inSolving: Short direction

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.3 \left( 20.4 \times \frac{3}{60} \right) > \left[ \frac{25 \times 153}{21 \times 149} - 1 \right]$$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.068 \frac{\text{in}^2}{\text{in}} \quad \text{if } s_{max} = 4 \text{ in} \Rightarrow A_{sh} = 0.27 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.09 \left( 20.4 \times \frac{3}{60} \right) =$$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.09 \frac{\text{in}^2}{\text{in}} \quad \text{if } s_{max} = 4 \text{ in} \Rightarrow A_{sh} = 0.37 \text{ in}^2 \rightarrow$$

Use 3 #5 and 1 #4 cross ties = 4 in \*

\* In this case not used

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Length

$$L_0 = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6} \text{ clear span} = 20 \text{ in} \\ 18 \text{ in} \\ \text{depth} = 25'' \rightarrow \text{Controls} \end{cases}$$

Provide transverse reinforcement  
with  $s=4''$  at top and bottom.  
within a length of 25" in the column

Couplers

If needed

Use Base lock couplers 5M

$s=4 \text{ in}$

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Checking Foundation of North Columns

Footings 3'-2" x 12' x 16" Thick

DL = 49 k

LL = 21.8 k

$f'_c = 2000 \text{ psi}$

$f_y = 40 \text{ ksi}$

$Q = 800 \times 2 + 400 \times 3.17 = 2868 \text{ psf} < 5000 \text{ psf}$

$f_{s1} = \frac{70.8}{3.17 \times 12} = 1.86 \text{ ksf}$

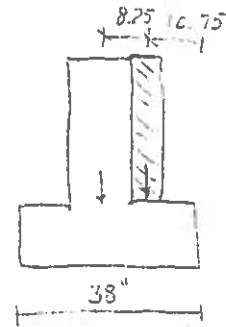
$P = \frac{4.0}{12} \times 12' \times 12' \times 145 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3} = 7.83 \text{ k}$

$P_{max} = \frac{2P}{3ab} = \frac{2 \times 7.83}{3 \times \frac{10.75}{12} \times 12}$

$f_{s2} = 0.48 \text{ ksf}$

$f_s = f_{s1} + f_{s2} = 1.86 + 0.48 = 2.35 \text{ ksf} < 2.87 \text{ ksf}$

OK



Footings Adequate

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East and West Columns (16" x 96")

$DL = 51.4 \text{ k}$

$LL = 22.1 \text{ k}$

$f_y = 40 \text{ ksi}$

$f'_c = 3000 \text{ psi}$

Providing ductility to the column

Adding 4 1/2" concrete

New West Column (25" x 105")

Clear Cover = 2"

Solving: Long direction

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.3 \times \left( 100.38 \times \frac{3000}{60000} \right) \left[ \frac{25 \times 105}{21 \times 101} - 1 \right]$$

$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.36$  if  $s = 4"$   $\Rightarrow A_{sh} = 1.43 \text{ in}^2$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.07 \times \left( 100.38 \times \frac{3}{60} \right)$$

$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.45$  if  $s = 4"$   $\Rightarrow A_{sh} = 1.79 \text{ in}^2 \Rightarrow$  Use 2 #5 and 6 #4 cross ties  
 $s = 4 \text{ in}$

Solving: Short direction

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.3 \times \left( 20.38 \times \frac{3}{60} \right) \left[ \frac{25 \times 105}{21 \times 101} - 1 \right]$$

$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.073 \text{ in}^2$  if  $s = 4"$   $\Rightarrow A_{sh} = 0.29 \text{ in}^2$

$$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.09 \left( 20.38 \times \frac{3}{60} \right)$$

$\frac{A_{sh}}{s} = 0.092$  if  $s = 4"$   $\Rightarrow A_{sh} = 0.37 \text{ in}^2$   
Use 2 #5 and 1 #4 cross ties  
 $s = 4 \text{ in}$

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Length

$$L_0 = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6} \text{ clear span} = 20 \text{ in.} \\ 18 \text{ in.} \\ \text{depth} = 25'' \rightarrow \text{Controls} \end{cases}$$

Provide transverse reinforcement  
with  $s=4''$  at bottom and top  
within a 33'' length of the column.

Couplers

If needed

Use Barlock-couplers 5M

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Checking Foundation for West Columns

Footing 9'4" x 5'6" x 24" thickness

8 #5 at Bottom

$$f_c = 2000 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_y = 40 \text{ ksi}$$

$$DL = 101.4 \text{ k}$$

$$LL = 40.9 \text{ k}$$

$$Q = 800 \times 2.5 + 400 \times 5.5 = 4200 \text{ psf} < 5000 \text{ psf}$$

$$f_{s1} = \frac{101.4 + 40.9}{5.5 \times 9.33} \Rightarrow f_{s1} = 2.77 \text{ ksf}$$

$$f_{s2} = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{(25 \times 105 - .16 \times 96) \times 10 \times 145}{5.5 \times 9.33} \Rightarrow f_{s2} = \frac{10.96}{51.33} \Rightarrow f_{s2} = 0.22 \text{ ksf}$$

$$f_s = f_{s1} + f_{s2} = 2.98 \text{ ksf} < 4.2 \text{ ksf} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

Footing Adequate

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### Checking East Column Foundations

Footings 3'6" x 8' x 16" Thickness

$$f'_c = 2000 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_y = 40 \text{ ksi}$$

$$DL = 49 \text{ kips}$$

$$LL = 21.8 \text{ kips}$$

$$Q = 800 \times 2 + 400 \times 3.5 = 3000 \text{ psf} < 5000$$

$$f_{o1} = \frac{49 + 21.8}{3.5 \times 8} \Rightarrow f_{o1} = 2.52 \text{ ksf}$$

$$f_{o2} = \frac{(25 \times 105 - 16 \times 96) \times 10 \times 145}{3.5 \times 8} = 0.39 \text{ ksf}$$

$$f_o = 2.52 + 0.39 \Rightarrow f_o = 2.91 \text{ ksf} < 3.0 \text{ ksf}$$

OK

Footings Adequate